PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ALZHEIMER'S DRUGSCL

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	Cholinesterase Inhibitors ^{CL}	
donepezil ^{CL} – except 23 mg tablet donepezil ODT ^{CL} EXELON transdermal (rivastigmine) ^{CL} rivastigmine capsule ^{CL}	ARICEPT (donepezil) 23 mg tablet ^{CL} donepezil 23 mg tablet ^{CL} EXELON solution (rivastigmine) ^{CL} galantamine ^{CL} galantamine ER ^{CL} rivastigmine transdermal ^{NR}	 Link to PA Form for Alzheimer's Agents (required for all drugs in class) Donepezil 5 and 10 mg will be approved for patients with mild to severe dementia Other preferred cholinesterase inhibitors will be approved for patients with mild to moderate dementia except for Exelon 13.3mg patches which will only be approved for patients with severe dementia. The other non-preferred cholinesterase inhibitors will be approved for patients with mild to moderate dementia except for Aricept 23mg which will only be approved for patients with severe dementia. Aricept 23 mg will be approved for patients who have received donepezil 10 mg/day for at least three months Non-preferred agents will be approved for patients who have failed a preferred agent within the last 6 months
	NMDA Receptor Antagonist ^{CL}	
memantine ^{CL}	memantine solution ^{NR} NAMENDA XR (memantine) ^{CL}	 Link to PA Form for Alzheimer's Agents (required for all drugs in class) Memantine will be approved for patients with moderate to severe dementia. Namenda XR will only be approved for patients who have tried and failed memantine immediate release
Combination Products ^{CL}		
	NAMZARIC (donepezil/memantine) CL	Link to PA Form for Alzheimer's Agents (required for all drugs in class)

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANALGESICS, NARCOTIC - LONG-ACTING

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
KADIAN (morphine ER) morphine ER tablets	BELBUCA (buprenorphine) buccal film BUTRANS (buprenorphine transdermal) CL CONZIP (tramadol ER) EMBEDA (morphine/naloxone) EXALGO (hydromorphone) hydromorphone ER HYSINGLA ER (hydrocodone ER) fentanyl transdermal CL methadone CL morphine ER capsules (generic KADIAN, AVINZA) NUCYNTA ER (tapentadol ER) oxycodone ER CL OXYCONTIN (oxycodone ER) CL oxymorphone ER tramadol ER XTAMPZA ER (oxycodone) NR ZOHYDRO ER (hydrocodone ER) CL	 Link to PA Form for Methadone Link to PA Form for Narcotic Analgesics, Long-Acting (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved for patients who have received the same non-preferred agent in the last 60 days with a day supply greater than 3 days. New prescriptions for non-preferred agents will be approved for patients meeting one of the following criteria: Documented failure of at least a 30 day trial of a preferred agent within the previous 6 months. Diagnosis of malignant pain (ICD-9 = 140-208, 99.25 or chemotherapy administration related CPT code). Tramadol ER or ConZip will be approved with adequate documentation providing therapeutic justification for why generic immediate release tramadol cannot be used. Link to PA Form for Narcotic Analgesics, Long-Acting Butrans will be approved for patients meeting all of the following criteria: No history of opioid abuse or addiction. Diagnosis of moderate or severe chronic pain (ICD-9 = 714.xx, 715.xx, 338.2, 338.4) Inability to take any oral medications. History of other long-acting opioid analgesics within the last 60 days at a current dose < 30 mg morphine equivalents. Fentanyl transdermal will be approved for patients meeting one of the following criteria: Diagnosis of malignant pain (ICD-9 = 140-208, 99.25 or chemotherapy administration related CPT code) Inability to swallow tablets or capsules. (Documentation required). History of 30 days or more of a preferred agent in the last 180 days and fentanyl dose requested is equivalent to the dose of preferred agent tried or

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANALGESICS, NARCOTIC - LONG-ACTING

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
		documentation supporting an increase or decrease in the morphine equivalent dose provides justification. Fentanyl transdermal 37.5mcg/hr, 62.5 mcg/hr and 87.5 mcg/hr will not be approved unless adequate documentation is provided that the required pain dose cannot be achieved with a combination of 12 mcg/hr, 25 mcg/hr, 50 mcg/hr, 75 mcg/hr or 100 mcg/hr strength patches.
		■ Link to PA Form for OxyContin (oxycodone ER)
		 OxyContin (oxycodone ER) will be approved for patients meeting one the following criteria:
		 Diagnosis of malignant pain (ICD- 9 = 140-208, 99.25 or chemotherapy administration related CPT code)
		 History of 30 days or more of a preferred agent in the last 180 days
		 Oxycodone dose requested is equivalent or less than the dose of the preferred agent tried or documentation supporting an increase in the morphine equivalent dose provides justification.
		 Adequate documentation supporting the use over other long-acting opioids
		Zohydro ER will only be approved after an adequate trial of at least one preparation of <u>each</u> of the available long-acting opioids including morphine, fentanyl, oxycodone, hydromorphone and oxymorphone <u>plus</u> either documented failure of <u>all</u> of these agents and/or a documented serious

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANALGESICS, NARCOTIC - SHORT-ACTING

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	Oral/Rectal/Nasal	
codeine (except solution) codeine/APAP hydrocodone/APAP hydromorphone tablet morphine IR tablet , solution and concentrate solution oxycodone/APAP oxycodone solution and concentrate tramadol IR tramadol/APAP	butalbital/APAP/caffeine/ codeine butalbital/ASA/caffeine/ codeine butorphanol tartrate nasal spray carisoprodol compound w/codeine (carisoprodol/ASA/codeine) codeine solution dihydrocodeine/ APAP/caffeine dihydrocodeine/ ASA/caffeine hydrocodone/ibuprofen hydromorphone liquid and suppositories IBUDONE (hydrocodone/ibuprofen) levorphanol meperidine morphine suppositories NUCYNTA (tapentadol) OPANA (hydromorphone) oxycodone/IBuprofen oxycodone/ibuprofen oxycodone/aspirin oxycodone/aspirin oxycodone/ibuprofen oxymorphone pentazocine/naloxone PRIMLEV (oxycodone/APAP) XARTEMIS XR (oxycodone/APAP) XODOL(hydrocodone/APAP)	 Link to PA Form for Narcotic Analgesics, Short-acting (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of 3 preferred agents with at least a 7 day trial of each in the past 180 days
	Buccal/Sublingual/Transmucosal Fentanyl	
	ABSTRAL (fentanyl) ^{CL} ACTIQ (fentanyl transmucosal) ^{CL} fentanyl OTFC ^{CL} FENTORA (fentanyl) ^{CL} LAZANDA (fentanyl) nasal spray ^{CL} SUBSYS (fentanyl) ^{CL}	 Link to PA Form for Fentanyl (transmucosal) (required for all buccal/sublingual/ transmucosal/nasal drugs) Fentanyl buccal/sublingual /transmucosal/nasal will only be approved for breakthrough cancer pain in patients already receiving, and tolerant to, opioid therapy.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANALGESICS, PAIN - OTHER

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
duloxetine ^{CL} gabapentin capsules, tablets	duloxetine (for Irenka) gabapentin solution GRALISE (gabapentin) CL HORIZANT (gabapentin) CL IRENKA (duloxetine) CL Iidocaine transdermal CL LIDODERM transdermal (lidocaine) CL LYRICA (pregabalin) CL SAVELLA (milnacipran) CL	 Link to Universal PA Form Gralise is approved for a diagnosis of post-herpetic neuralgia or seizure disorder in patients who have failed use of gabapentin capsules or tablets within the last 60 days. Horizant is approved for a diagnosis of post-herpetic neuralgia who have failed use of gabapentin capsules or tablets or for restless leg syndrome. Link to PA form for Analgesics, Topical Lidoderm transdermal will be approved for patients with pain associated with postherpetic neuralgia Link to PA Form for Fibromyalgia Agents Duloxetine, Lyrica and Savella will be approved for patients with a diagnosis of fibromyalgia Dual therapy with duloxetine and Savella will not be authorized for payment For non-pain uses of duloxetine, refer to drug class criteria for Antidepressants, Other. For non-pain uses of Lyrica, gabapentin, Gralise and Horizant refer to drug class criteria for Anticonvulsant Agents for Pain and Mood Disorders.

ANDROGENIC DRUGS (TOPICAL)

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
ANDROGEL (testosterone) ^{CL}	ANDRODERM (testosterone) ^{CL} AXIRON (testosterone) ^{CL} FORTESTA (testosterone) nasal CL NATESTO (testosterone) nasal CL testosterone gel (generic ANDROGEL, FORTESTA TESTIM, VOXELGO) ^{CL} testosterone gel pump (ANDROGEL, VOXELGO) ^{CL}	 Link to PA Form for Androgenic Agents (required for all drugs in the class) Preferred androgenic drugs will be approved for male patients with a documented diagnosis of hypogonadism with At least one non-sexual dysfunction symptom Serum testosterone level below the lower limit of normal range for testing laboratory Non-preferred agents will be approved for male patients meeting the above criteria with documented failure of a preferred agent within the last 6 months

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANGIOTENSIN MODULATORS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	ACE Inhibitors	
benazepril captopril enalapril lisinopril ramipril	EPANED (enalapril powder for solution) fosinopril moexipril perindopril quinapril trandolapril	 Link to PA Form for ACE Inhibitors (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved if the patient has a history of one preferred agent in the last 6 months EPANED will only be approved for patients who have documented inability to swallow tablets
	ACE Inhibitor / Diuretic Combinations	
benazepril/HCTZ captopril/HCTZ enalapril/HCTZ lisinopril/HCTZ	fosinopril/HCTZ moexipril/HCTZ quinapril/HCTZ	 Link to PA Form for ACE Inhibitors (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved if the patient has a history of one preferred agent in the last 6 months
Angiotensin Receptor Blockers		
irbesartan Iosartan <mark>valsartan</mark>	BENICAR (olmesartan) candesartan EDARBI (azilsartan) eprosartan MICARDIS (telmisartan) telmisartan	 Link to PA Form for ARB-Angiotensin II Receptor Antagonists (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved if the patient has a history of one preferred agent in the last 6 months
	Angiotensin Receptor Blocker / Diuretic Combina	tions
irbesartan/HCTZ losartan/HCTZ valsartan/HCTZ	BENICAR-HCT (olmesartan/HCTZ) candesartan/HCTZ DIOVAN-HCT (valsartan/HCTZ) EDARBYCLOR (azilsartan/chlorthalidone) telmisartan/HCTZ TEVETEN-HCT (eprosartan/HCTZ)	 Link to PA Form for ARB-Angiotensin II Receptor Antagonists (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved if the patient has a history of one preferred agent in the last 6 months
Ar	ngiotensin Modulator / Calcium Channel Blocker Con	nbinations
benazepril/amlodipine EXFORGE HCT (valsartan/amlodipine/HCTZ) valsartan/amlodipine	AZOR (olmesartan/amlodipine) PRESTALIA (perindopril/amlodipine) telmisartan/amlodipine trandolapril/verapamil TRIBENZOR (olmesartan/amlodipine/HCTZ) valsartan/amlodipine/HCTZ	 Link to PA Form for Angiotensin Modulators-Calcium Channel Blockers (required for Non-preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved if the patient has a history of one preferred agent in the last 6 months.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANGIOTENSIN MODULATORS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria	
	Direct Renin Inhibitors		
	TEKTURNA (aliskiren)	 Link to PA Form for Direct Renin Inhibitors (required for all drugs in the class) Tekturna will only be authorized if there is a documented trial and failure of a preferred ACEI or ARB Tekturna will not be approved for concomitant use with ACEI or ARB in diabetic or kidney disease patients 	
	Direct Renin Inhibitor Combinations		
	AMTURNIDE (aliskiren/amlodipine/HCTZ) TEKAMLO (aliskiren/amlodipine) TEKTURNA/HCT (aliskiren/HCTZ)	 Link to PA Form for Direct Renin Inhibitors (required for all drugs in the class) Aliskiren combinations will only be authorized if there is a documented trial and failure of a preferred ACEI or ARB Aliskiren combinations will not be approved for concomitant use with ACEI or ARB in diabetic or kidney disease patients 	
Neprilysin Inhibitor Combination			
ENTRESTO (sacubitril/valsartan)			

ANTI-ALLERGENS, ORAL

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	GRASTEK (Timothy grass pollen allergen extract) CL ORALAIR (grass pollen extract – Cocksfoot, Sweet Vernal Grass, Rye Grass, Meadow Grass, Timothy) CL RAGWITEK (Short Ragweed pollen allergen extract) CL	 Link to Universal PA Form Oral Allergy-Specific Immunotherapy agents will be approved for participants who have had an inadequate response, intolerance or contraindication to intranasal corticosteroids, leukotriene inhibitors and antihistamines. The participant must have a positive test for the specific allergen(s) covered by the specific agent and first dose must be 12 weeks before estimated actual start of the specific pollen season.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTIBIOTICS, GI

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
ALINIA suspension (nitazoxanide) metronidazole tablet neomycin tinidazole VANCOCIN (vancomycin)	ALINIA tablet (nitazoxanide) DIFICID (fidaxomicin) CL FLAGYL/FLAGYL ER (metronidazole) metronidazole capsule paromomycin vancomycin capsules XIFAXAN (rifaximin) CL	 Link to Universal PA Form Dificid will only be approved with documentation of a clostridium difficile infection. Treatment will be limited to 10 days. Xifaxan 200 mg will only be approved for documented traveler's diarrhea and is limited to one prescription with a 3 day supply. Xifaxan 550 mg will be approved for patients with irritable bowel syndrome with diarrhea, or documented hepatic encephalopathy who have received lactulose at least 90 ml per day for 72 of the last 90 days and are continuing on lactulose concurrently. Other non-preferred agents will only be approved after documented failure of a preferred agent.

ANTIBIOTICS, INHALEDCL

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
BETHKIS (tobramycin) CAYSTON (aztreonam) KITABIS PAK (tobramycin)	TOBI (tobramycin) TOBI Podhaler tobramycin solution tobramycin pak (KITABIS PAK)	 Link to PA Form for Inhaled Antibiotics (required for all agents in class) Preferred agents will be approved for patients with a diagnosis of cystic fibrosis. Non-preferred agents will only be approved for patients with cystic fibrosis that have a documented failure of a preferred agent

ANTIBIOTICS, TOPICAL

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
·	ALTABAX (retapamulin) gentamicin ointment and cream mupirocin cream	 Link to PA Form for Antibiotics, Topical (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will only be approved after documented failure of a preferred agent

ANTIBIOTICS, VAGINAL

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
metronidazole	clindamycin cream METROGEL (metronidazole) NUVESSA (metronidazole) VANDAZOLE (metronidazole)	 Link to Universal PA Form Non-preferred agents will only be approved after documented failure of a preferred agent

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTICOAGULANTS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
ELIQUIS (apixaban) CL enoxaparin syringe FRAGMIN (dalteparin) vial LOVENOX vial (enoxaparin) warfarin XARELTO (rivaroxaban) CL	enoxaparin vial fondaparinux FRAGMIN (dalteparin) syringe PRADAXA (dabigatran) CL SAVAYSA (edoxaban) CL XARELTO (rivaroxaban) CL Starter Pack	 Link to PA Form for Anticoagulants (required for all agents in class) Enoxaparin and fondaparinux will be approved after a trial and failure of a preferred agent in the last 30 days Eliquis and Xarelto will be approved for non-valvular atrial fibrillation, for prophylaxis of DVT or PE following hip or knee replacement surgery, for treatment of DVT or PE or to reduce the risk of recurrence of DVT or PE. Pradaxa will be approved for non-valvular atrial fibrillation, for treatment of DVT or PE in patients who have been treated with a parenteral anticoagulant for 5-10 days, to reduce the risk or recurrence of DVT or PE, or for the prophylaxis of DVT and PE in patient who have undergone hip replacement surgery. Savaysa will be approved for non-valvular atrial fibrillation or for treatment of DVT or PE in patients who have been treated with a parenteral anticoagulant for 5-10 days and if they have a documented failure of a preferred oral agent other than warfarin within the most recent 30 days.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTICONVULSANTS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	Barbiturates	
phenobarbital primidone		 Link to Universal PA Form The non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
	Benzodiazepines	
clonazepam tablet DIASTAT (diazepam rectal) ONFI tablet (clobazam) ^{CL}	clonazepam ODT ^{CL} diazepam rectal ONFI suspension (clobazam) ^{CL}	 Link to Universal PA Form The non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent. Onfi will be approved for patients with a diagnosis of seizure disorder (ICD-9 = 345) within the previous 2 years. Link to PA Form for Clonazepam ODT Form. Clonazepam orally disintegrating tablets (ODT) will be approved for patients that have a diagnosis of panic disorder with or without agoraphobia whose clonazepam dose is being titrated up or down or who have a documented inability to swallow other oral medication dosage forms.
	Hydantoins	
DILANTIN (phenytoin) DILANTIN INFATAB (phenytoin) PEGANONE (ethotoin) phenytoin phenytoin chew tab	PHENYTEK (phenytoin) DILANTIN suspension (phenytoin)	 Link to Universal PA Form The non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
Succinimides		
CELONTIN (methsuximide) ethosuximide syrup ZARONTIN Capsules (ethosuximide)	ethosuximide capsules	 Link to Universal PA Form The non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTICONVULSANTS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents		Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	Adjuvants		
APTIOM (eslicarbazepine) CL carbamazepine IR	BANZEL (rufinamide) ^{CL} BRIVIACT (brivaracetam) ^{NR}	-	Link to PA Form for Anticonvulsants (required for Non-Preferred drugs)
carbamazepine ER DEPAKOTE ER (divalproex) DEPAKOTE Sprinkle (divalproex) divalproex tablet gabapentin capsule, tablet GABITRIL (tiagabine) lamotrigine CL levetiracetam solution, tablets CL oxcarbazepine suspension CL oxcarbazepine tablets CL QUDEXY XR (topiramate XR) CL TEGRETOL (carbamazepine) suspension TEGRETOL XR (carbamazepine XR) topiramate ER CL topiramate sprinkle and tablets CL valproate valproic acid VIMPAT (lacosamide) CL zonisamide CL	carbamazepine suspension carbamazepine XR divalproex ER divalproex sprinkle EQUETRO (carbamazepine ER) felbamate FYCOMPA (perampanel) CL gabapentin solution GRALISE (gabapentin) CL LAMICTAL ODT (lamotrigine) CL lamotrigine ODT CL lamotrigine XR CL levetiracetam ER CL LYRICA (pregabalin) CL OXTELLAR XR (oxcarbazepine) CL POTIGA (ezogabine) CL SABRIL (vigabatrin) CL tiagabine TROKENDI XR (topiramate ER) CL		Carbamazepine IR, Carbatrol, Depakote ER, Depakote Sprinkle, divalproex tablets, gabapentin capsules/tablets, Gabitril, Tegretol, Tegretol XR, valproate, and valproic acid are preferred agents and will be approved for eligible participants within the approved dosage quantities and age limits. Non-preferred brand drugs will be approved for patients with a diagnosis of seizure disorder (ICD-9=345) who have been receiving the brand drug for 90 days and are compliant with therapy (72 days out of the past 90). Carbamazepine ER, carbamazepine suspension, carbamazepine XR, divalproex ER, divalproex sprinkle, Equetro, felbamate, gabapentin solution, and tiagabine will be approved for patients with a documented failure of a preferred agent in the past 180 days.
			Levetiracetam, Vimpat and zonisamide will be approved for patients with a diagnosis of seizure disorder (ICD-9 = 345) within the previous 2 years. Levetiracetam ER, Sabril, Potiga and Banzel will be approved for patients with a diagnosis of seizure disorder (ICD-9 = 345) who have a documented failure of another antiepileptic agent with the past 180 days. Link to PA Form for Anticonvulsants for Pain and Mood Disorders for
			Preferred drugs with Clinical Edits Lamotrigine, oxcarbazepine tablets and oxcarbazepine suspension will be approved for patients with one of the following diagnoses within previous 2 years:
			 Seizure disorder (ICD-9=345) Bipolar disorder (ICD-9=296) Lamotrigine XR will be approved for patients with a diagnosis of seizure disorder (ICD-9 = 345) within the previous 2 years.
		•	Lyrica will be approved for patients meeting one of the following criteria: Seizure disorder (ICD-9=345)
			 Diagnosis of neuropathic pain,

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTICONVULSANTS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
		diabetic peripheral neuropathy (ICD-9=250.6) or postherpetic neuralgia (ICD-9=053.1) which has failed treatment with gabapentin in the last 2 years. Fibromyalgia (ICD-9= 729.1) Neuropathic pain associated with spinal cord injury that has persisted continuously for at least three months. Topiramate will be approved for patients with one of the following diagnoses within previous 2 years: Seizure disorder (ICD-9=345) Migraine headache (ICD-9=346 Extended release topiramate preparations will only be approved for seizure disorders

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTIDEPRESSANTS, OTHER

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
bupropion HCI IR bupropion SR bupropion XL MARPLAN (isocarboxazid) mirtazapine tablets PARNATE (tranylcypromine) PRISTIQ (desvenlafaxine succinate) trazodone venlafaxine IR venlafaxine ER capsules	APLENZIN (bupropion HBr) TRINTELLIX (vortioxetine) desvenlafaxine ER desvenlafaxine fumarate ER duloxetine CL EMSAM (selegiline transdermal) CL FETZIMA (levomilnacipran) FORFIVO XL (bupropion) IRENKA (duloxetine) CL KHEDEZLA (desvenlafaxine) mirtazapine ODT nefazodone OLEPTRO ER (trazodone) phenelzine tranylcypromine venlafaxine ER tablets VIIBRYD (vilazodone)	 Link to PA Form for Antidepressants, Other (required for Non-Preferred Drugs - except duloxetine and Emsam - see below) Brintellix, Fetzima and Viibryd require trial and failure of two preferred antidepressants, including one from the Antidepressants, Other class. Other non-preferred agents will be approved for payment only after documented failure of at least one preferred agent Link to PA Form for duloxetine Duloxetine will be approved for patients meeting one of the following criteria: Diagnosis of major depressive disorder (MDD) or generalized anxiety disorder (GAD) who have tried and failed treatment with a preferred antidepressant Diagnosis of diabetic peripheral neuropathy (DPN) who have tried and failed gabapentin therapy in the past 6 months Diagnosis of fibromyalgia Diagnosis of chronic musculoskeletal pain. Link to PA Form for Emsam Emsam will be approved for adult patients meeting all of the following criteria: Diagnosis of major depressive disorder (MDD) Failure of trials of an SSRI, an SNRI and at one least one other antidepressant from another therapeutic class Not currently receiving any contraindicated medications No diagnosis of pheochromocytoma

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTIDEPRESSANTS, SSRIS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
citalopram escitalopram tablet fluoxetine capsules, solution fluvoxamine paroxetine tablet sertraline	BRISDELLE (paroxetine) CL escitalopram solution fluoxetine tablets fluoxetine weekly CL fluvoxamine ER paroxetine CR PAXIL Suspension (paroxetine) PEXEVA (paroxetine)	 Link to PA Form for Antidepressants, SSRIs (required for Non-Preferred drugs – including fluoxetine weekly) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent within the last 6 months. Fluoxetine weekly will be approved for patients with a diagnosis of depression who are not receiving other medications at least daily. Brisdelle will be approved for treatment of vasomotor symptoms only and not depression.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTIEMETIC/ANTIVERTIGO AGENTS (ORAL/TRANSDERMAL)

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	Cannabinoids	
	CESAMET (nabilone) ^{CL} dronabinol ^{CL}	 Link to PA Form for Cannabinoids Dronabinol will be approved for patients who have received chemotherapy in the last 12 months or have a history of HIV associated cachexia.
	5HT₃ Receptor Blockers ^{CL}	
ondansetron ODT	ANZEMET (dolasetron) granisetron SANCUSO (granisetron) ZUPLENZ (ondansetron)	 Link to PA Form for Antiemetics, Oral-5HT3 Antagonists (required for all drugs) A PA is not required for ondansetron for the following situations: Patients 15 years and younger within the quantity limit of not more than 30 tablets monthly Adults for a one time fill of 10 tablets or less Ondansetron and ondansetron ODT will be approved for patients with Chemotherapy or radiation-induced nausea and vomiting OR Documented clinically significant hyperemesis gravidarum Sancuso will be approved for patients with chemotherapy or radiation-induced nausea and vomiting with documentation that they cannot take oral therapy Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent within the last 6 months
	NK1 Receptor Antagonist	
EMEND (aprepitant)	AKYNZEO (netapitant/palonosetron) VARUBI (rolapitant)	 Link to Universal PA Form Non-preferred agents will be approved after failure of at least one preferred agent in the most recent 60 days
Other		
dimenhydrinate OTC meclizine OTC and RX metoclopramide prochlorperazine (oral) promethazine (oral, rectal 12.5 & 25 mg trimethobenzamide TRANSDERM-SCOP (scopolamine)	COMPRO (prochlorperazine) rectal DICLEGIS (doxylamine/pyridoxine) CL METOZOLV ODT (metoclopramide) prochlorperazine (rectal) promethazine 50 mg suppositories	 Link to Universal PA Form A prescription is required for all drugs Non-preferred agents will be approved after failure of at least one preferred agent in the most recent 60 days.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTIFUNGALS, ORAL

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
clotrimazole fluconazole nystatin tablets and suspension terbinafine	CRESEMBA (isavuconazonium) flucytosine griseofulvin suspension griseofulvin ultramicrosize tablets griseofulvin V tablets itraconazole ketoconazole CL NOXAFIL (posaconazole) nystatin oral powder ONMEL (itraconazole) ORAVIG (miconazole) voriconazole	 Link to PA Form for Antifungals, Oral Ketoconazole will be approved for blastomycosis, coccidioidomycosis, histoplasmosis, chromomycosis or paracoccidioidomycosis in patients who have failed or cannot tolerate other oral antifungal agents. Ketoconazole will not be approved for fungal infections of the skin or nails or for fungal meningitis. Ketoconazole will not be approved for patients with liver disease, adrenal problems, or those who have undergone recent major surgery, or who are receiving interacting medications. (see product PI for list of interacting medications) Non-preferred agents will be approved after failure of at least one preferred agent in the most recent 60 days.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTIFUNGALS, TOPICAL

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	Antifungals	
clotrimazole OTC and RX ketoconazole LAMISIL (terbinafine) cream, gel, spray miconazole cream, powder OTC nystatin cream, ointment, powder terbinafine OTC tolnaftate OTC	butenafine OTC ciclopirox cream, gel, shampoo, suspension ciclopirox solution nail lacquer CL econazole ECOZA (econazole) ERTACZO (sertaconazole) EXELDERM (sulconazole) EXTINA (ketoconazole foam) FUNGI-NAIL OTC (undecylenic acid) FUNGOID tincture OTC (miconazole) JUBLIA (efinaconazole) KERYDIN (tavaborole) LUZU (luliconazole) miconazole nitrate, ointment, spray OTC MENTAX (butenafine) naftifine NIZORAL shampoo (ketoconazole) NIZORAL AD shampoo OTC(ketoconazole) OXISTAT (oxiconazole) PEDIADERM AF (nystatin/emollient) VUSION (miconazole/petrolatum/ zinc oxide) XOLEGEL(ketoconazole)	 Link to PA Form for Antifungals, Topical (required for Non-Preferred drugs -except antifungal nail lacquers - see below) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of the preferred agents within the previous six months Link to PA Form for Topical Antifungal Nail Lacquer (required for ciclopirox solution, Jublia (efinaconazole) and Kerydin (tavaborole)) Antifungal nail preparations will only be approved for patients meeting all of the following criteria: Diagnosis of onychomycosis within the last year Contraindication to oral itraconazole and terbinafine as defined by presence of heart failure, hepatic impairment or viral hepatitis Proof from prescriber that therapy is not for cosmetic purposes
Antifungal/Steroid Combinations		
nystatin/triamcinolone cream, ointment	clotrimazole/betamethasone	 Individual prescriptions for clotrimazole and betamethasone should be used for patients requiring the combination product.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTIHISTAMINES, MINIMALLY SEDATING

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
cetirizine solution, tablets loratadine solution, tablets loratadine ODT	cetirizine capsule OTC cetirizine chewable desloratadine desloratadine ODT fexofenadine levocetirizine	 A prescription is required for all drugs. Link to PA Form for Antihistamines, Minimally Sedating (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be authorized if a patient has failed a preferred agent within the most recent six months. Cetirizine solution is available for patients ≤ 12 years

ANTIHYPERTENSIVES, SYMPATHOLYTICS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
clonidine guanfacine methyldopa	clonidine transdermal CLORPRES (chlorthalidone/clonidine) methyldopa-hydrochlorothiazide methyldopate injectable reserpine	 Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of the preferred agent.

ANTIHYPERURICEMICS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
allopurinol probenecid probenecid/colchicine	colchicine ^{CL} ULORIC (febuxostat) ^{CL}	 Link to PA Form for Antihyperuricemics, Oral (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Uloric will be approved for continuation of gout attacks with serum urate levels >6 mg/dl after at least three months of allopurinol at a therapeutic dose or with documented intolerance to allopurinol. Colchicine: A prescription for three tablets does not require prior authorization if processed by the pharmacy as an Emergency Override. For acute gout, colchicine will be approved if there is a failure of or contraindication to NSAIDS or corticosteroids. For chronic gout, colchicine will be approved for patients on concomitant allopurinol who have failed or have documented intolerance to NSAIDs.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTIMIGRAINE AGENTSCL

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	Oral	
rizatriptan oral tablets, MLT RELPAX (eletriptan) sumatriptan	almotriptan FROVA (frovatriptan) naratriptan TREXIMET (sumatriptan/naproxen) zolmitriptan	 Link to PA Form for Triptans (required for all drugs) Triptans will be approved for migraine treatment in patients > 12 years. Exception: Rizatriptan MLT may be approved for patients > 6 years old. Triptans will only be approved for patients with no history of ischemic heart disease, angina pectoris, silent ischemia, ischemic bowel disease, cerebrovascular disease, peripheral vascular disease or malignant or uncontrolled hypertension Treximet will be approved if patient has tried and failed therapy with separate prescriptions for sumatriptan and naproxen. Non-preferred agents will be approved only if the patient has tried and failed therapy with at least two preferred agents (different chemical entities) within the last 6 months.
	Nasal	
IMITREX (sumatriptan)	sumatriptan ZOMIG (zolmitriptan)	 Link to PA Form for Triptans (required for all drugs) Triptans will only be approved for patients with no history of ischemic heart disease, angina pectoris, silent ischemia, ischemic bowel disease, cerebrovascular disease, peripheral vascular disease or malignant or uncontrolled hypertension. Non-preferred agents will be approved only if patient has tried and failed therapy with a preferred agent within the last 6 months.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTIMIGRAINE AGENTSCL

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria	
	Injectable		
IMITREX (sumatriptan) syringe sumatriptan vial	sumatriptan syringe SUMAVEL DOSEPRO (sumatriptan)	 Link to PA Form for Triptans (required for all drugs) Triptans will only be approved for patients with no history of ischemic heart disease, angina pectoris, silent ischemia, ischemic bowel disease, cerebrovascular disease, peripheral vascular disease or malignant or uncontrolled hypertension. Non-preferred agents will be approved only if patient has tried and failed therapy with a preferred agent within the last 6 months. 	
	Transdermal		
	ZECUITY (sumatriptan)	 Link to PA Form for Triptans (required for all drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only if patient has tried and failed therapy with all of the preferred agents within the last 6 months. 	

ANTIPARASITICS, TOPICAL

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
NATROBA (spinosad) permethrin OTC and Rx SKLICE (ivermectin) ULESFIA (benzyl alcohol)	EURAX (crotamiton) lotion & cream lindane malathion piperonyl butoxide and pyrethrins OTC spinosad	 Link to PA Form for Antiparasitics. <u>Topical</u> (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTIPARKINSON'S DRUGS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria	
	Anticholinergics		
benztropine trihexyphenidyl		 Link to Universal PA Form Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of the preferred agent. 	
	COMT Inhibitors		
	entacapone TASMAR (tolcapone) tolcapone	 Link to Universal PA Form Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of the preferred agent. 	
	Dopamine Agonists		
bromocriptine pramipexole ropinirole	MIRAPEX ER (pramipexole) NEUPRO transdermal patch (rotigotine) pramipexole ER ropinirole ER	 Link to Universal PA Form Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent. 	
	MAO-B Inhibitors		
selegiline	7514545 (1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	 Link to Universal PA Form Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent. 	
Other Antiparkinson's Drugs			
amantadine capsule, syrup carbidopa/levodopa tablets carbidopa/levodopa ER carbidopa/levodopa/entacapone	amantadine tablet carbidopa carbidopa/levodopa ODT RYTARY (carbidopa/levodopa ER)	 Link to Universal PA Form Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent. 	

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTIPSYCHOTICS, FIRST GENERATION

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria	
	Oral/Intranasal		
chlorpromazine fluphenazine haloperidol loxapine ORAP (pimozide) perphenazine perphenazine/amitriptyline thiothixene trifluoperazine	ADASUVE (loxapine) ^{CL} pimozide ^{NR} thioridazine	 Link to PA Form for Antipsychotics, Oral A non-preferred agent will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent. 	
	Injectable (Acute Treatment)		
haloperidol lactate			
Injectable (Maintenance Treatment)			
fluphenazine decanoate haloperidol decanoate			

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTIPSYCHOTICS, SECOND GENERATION

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	Oral	
ABILIFY (aripiprazole) tablet clozapine FAZACLO (clozapine ODT) LATUDA (lurasidone) olanzapine olanzapine ODT quetiapine risperidone solution, tablets SEROQUEL XR (quetiapine) ziprasidone	ABILIFY DISCMELT (aripiprazole)disintegrating tablet aripiprazole solution aripiprazole tablet clozapine ODT FANAPT (iloperidone) INVEGA (paliperidone ER) NUPLAZID (pimavanserin) ^{NR} olanzapine/fluoxetine (must use individual agents) paliperidone ER REXULTI (brexpiprazole) risperidone ODT SAPHRIS (asenapine) VERSACLOZ (clozapine) VRAYLAR (cariprazine) NR	 Link to PA Form for Antipsychotics, Oral A non-preferred agent will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
	Injectable (Acute Treatment)	
aripiprazole GEODON (ziprasidone) olanzapine		
	Injectable (Maintenance Treatment)	
INVEGA SUSTENNA (paliperidone) INVEGA TRINZA (paliperidone) RISPERDAL CONSTA (risperidone)	ABILIFY MAINTENA (aripiprazole) ARISTADA (aripiprazole) NR ZYPREXA RELPREVV (olanzapine)	 Link to PA Form for Injectable Long Acting Antipsychotics 2nd Generation Preferred injectable antipsychotics will be approved within FDA approved age, dosing, and diagnosis parameters in patients who have failed oral therapy. Non-preferred agents require trial and failure or contra-indication to a preferred injectable antipsychotic. Zyprexa Relprevv (olanzapine) is reimbursed as a medical benefit only and not dispensed through the outpatient pharmacy program.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

ANTIVIRALS, ORAL

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria	
	Antiherpetic Drugs		
acyclovir capsules, tablets valacyclovir ZOVIRAX (acyclovir) suspension	acyclovir suspension famciclovir SITAVIG (acyclovir) buccal	 Link to PA Form for Non-Preferred drugs Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent. 	
	Antiinfluenza Drugs		
RELENZA (zanamivir) TAMIFLU (oseltamivir)	rimantadine	 Link to PA Form for Non-Preferred drugs Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent. 	

ANTIVIRALS, TOPICAL

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
· ·	acyclovir ointment ^{CL} DENAVIR (penciclovir) XERESE (acyclovir/hydrocortisone) Zovirax (acyclovir) ointment ^{CL}	 Link to PA Form for Antivirals, Topical (required for Non-Preferred Drugs) Acyclovir ointment will be authorized for patients with a diagnosis of genital herpes. The CDC discourages the use of topical therapy for the treatment of genital herpes.

BETA BLOCKERS (ORAL)

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	Beta Blockers	
atenolol metoprolol propranolol propranolol ER sotalol metoprolol XL	acebutolol betaxolol bisoprolol BYSTOLIC (nebivolol) HEMANGEOL(propranolol) INDERAL XL (propranolol) INNOPRAN XL (propranolol) nadolol LEVATOL (penbutolol) pindolol timolol SOTYLIZE (sotalol)	 Link to PA Form for Beta Adrenergic Blockers (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved for patients with documented failure to one of the preferred agents within the past 6 months.
	Beta Blocker/Diuretic Combinations	
atenolol/chlorthalidone bisoprolol/HCTZ propranolol/HCTZ	DUTOPROL (metoprolol succinate/HCTZ) metoprolol/HCTZ nadolol/bendroflumethiazide	 Link to PA Form for Beta Adrenergic Blockers (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved for patients with documented failure to one of the preferred agents within the past 6 months.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

BETA BLOCKERS (ORAL)

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
Beta- and Alpha- Blockers		
carvedilol labetalol	COREG CR (carvedilol)	 Link to PA Form for Beta Adrenergic Blockers (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved for patients with documented failure to one of the preferred agents within the past 6 months.

BLADDER RELAXANT PREPARATIONS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
oxybutynin ER oxybutynin IR TOVIAZ (fesoterodine) VESICARE (solifenacin)	ENABLEX (darifenacin) flavoxate GELNIQUE (oxybutynin) MYRBETRIQ (mirabegron) OXYTROL transdermal (oxybutynin) tolterodine tolterodine ER trospium trospium ER	 Link to PA Form for Urinary Incontinence Drugs (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.

BONE RESORPTION SUPPRESSION AND RELATED AGENTS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
Bisphosphonates		
alendronate tablets	ACTONEL (risedronate) ACTONEL (risedronate) with calcium alendronate solution ATELVIA (risedronate) BINOSTO (alendronate) etidronate FOSAMAX Plus D (alendronate/cholecalciferol) ibandronate risedronate	 Link to PA Form for Bone Resorption Suppression and Related Agents (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent ICD-9 of 733.xx or 733.09 plus history of glucocorticoid prescription use OR documented failure of a Preferred agent

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

BONE RESORPTION SUPPRESSION AND RELATED AGENTS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
Othe	r Bone Resorption Suppression and Related D	rugs
	calcitonin-salmon FORTEO (teriparatide) ^{CL} FORTICAL (calcitonin) MIACALCIN (calcitonin) PROLIA (denosumab)	 Link to PA Form for Bone Resorption Suppression and Related Agents for Non-Preferred drugs Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent. Forteo will also be approved for patients that have a diagnosis of glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis: ICD-9 of 733.xx or 733.09 plus history of glucocorticoid prescription use OR documented failure of a Preferred agent

BOTULINUM TOXINS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
BOTOX ^{CL} (onabotulinumtoxinA) -except for cervical dystonia MYOBLOC ^{CL} (rimabotulinumtoxinB) XEOMIN ^{CL} (incobotulinumtoxinA)	BOTOX ^{CL} (onabotulinumtoxinA) -(for cervical dystonia DYSPORT ^{CL} (abobotulinumtoxinA)	 Link to PA Form for Botulinum toxin. Other Xeomin and Myobloc will be approved for cervical dystonia and spasticity that has failed a trial of conventional treatments such as oral skeletal muscle relaxants. Botox and Dysport will be approved cervical dystonia and spasticity that has failed a trial of conventional treatments such as oral skeletal muscle relaxants and trial and failure of preferred agents Xeomin and Myobloc. Botox and Xeomin will be approved for blepharospasm. Botox, Dysport and Xeomin will be approved for upper limb spasticity. Botox and Dysport will be approved for these additional indications: Axillary hyperhidrosis Strabismus Urinary incontinence meeting the following criteria:

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

BOTULINUM TOXINS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
		medications
		 Overactive bladder
		 Migraine headache prophylaxis meeting the following criteria (<u>Link</u> to PA Form for Botox for <u>Migraines</u>)
		Chronic daily headaches15 days/month lasting >4 hours/day
		 Failure of at least two oral prophylactic medications
		 Failure of at least two rescue medications (e.g. triptans)

BPH TREATMENTS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	Alpha Blockers	
alfuzosin doxazosin tamsulosin terazosin	CARDURA XL (doxazosin) RAPAFLO (silodosin)	 Link to Universal PA Form Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
5-Alpha-Reductase (5AR) Inhibitors		
finasteride 5 mg tablet	AVODART (dutasteride) dutasteride	 Link to Universal PA Form Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
Combination Agents		
	dutasteride/tamsulosin JALYN (dutasteride/tamsulosin)	 Link to Universal PA Form Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.

BRONCHODILATORS, BETA AGONIST

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria		
	Inhalers, Short-Acting			
PROAIR HFA (albuterol) PROVENTIL HFA (albuterol)	MAXAIR (pirbuterol) PROAIR RESPICLICK (albuterol) VENTOLIN HFA (albuterol) XOPENEX HFA (levalbuterol)	 Link to PA Form for Short-Acting Beta-2 <u>Agonists</u> (required for Non-preferred drugs) The non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent. 		
	Bronchodilators, Beta Agonist Inhalers, L	ong-Acting		
	ARCAPTA (indacaterol) ^{CL} FORADIL (formoterol) ^{CL} SEREVENT (salmeterol) ^{CL}	 Link to PA Form for Long-Acting Beta-2 Agonists (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Long-acting beta agonist inhalers will be approved for participants meeting the following 		

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

BRONCHODILATORS, BETA AGONIST

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	STRIVERDI RESPIMAT (olodaterol) ^{CL}	criteria Concurrent (i.e., active therapy on the inprocess claim date) use of a short-acting beta-2-agonist MDI or nebulizer in the last 30 days PLUS Age >17 years old PLUS Diagnosis of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), chronic bronchitis and emphysema (ICD-9 = 491.xx, 492.xx, 493.xx, 496.xx) OR Concomitant inhaled corticosteroid use
	Inhalation Solution	
albuterol	levalbuterol BROVANA (arformoterol) PERFOROMIST (formoterol)	 Link to PA Form for Short-Acting Beta-2 <u>Agonists</u> (levalbuterol) (required for Non-preferred drugs) Link to PA Form for Long-Acting Beta-2 <u>Agonists</u> (Brovana/Perforomist) (required for Non-preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent. Long-acting inhalation solution will be approved for participants meeting the following criteria Concurrent (i.e., active therapy on the inprocess claim date) use of a short-acting beta-2-agonist MDI or nebulizer in the last 30 days PLUS Age >17 years old PLUS Diagnosis of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) ,chronic bronchitis and emphysema (ICD-9 = 491.xx, 492.xx, 493.xx, 496.xx) OR Concomitant inhaled corticosteroid use
	Oral	
terbutaline	albuterol albuterol ER metaproterenol	 Link to Universal PA Form (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents require medical justification for using an oral beta agonist rather than an inhaled beta agonist.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS (ORAL)

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents		Prior Authorization/Class Criteria	
	Short-Acting Short			
diltiazem nifedipine verapamil	isradipine nicardipine	- 1	<u>Link to Universal PA Form</u> Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.	
	Long-Acting			
amlodipine diltiazem ER nifedipine ER nimodipine verapamil ER (except 360 mg caps)	COVERA-HS (verapamil) diltiazem LA DYNACIRC CR (isradipine) felodipine ER nisoldipine NYMALIZE (nimodipine) TIAZAC (diltiazem) 420 mg verapamil ER PM verapamil 360 mg caps	- 1	Link to Universal PA Form Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.	

CEPHALOSPORINS AND RELATED AGENTS (ORAL)

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
Ве	ta Lactam/Beta-Lactamase Inhibitor Combination	ons
amoxicillin/clavulanate IR amoxicillin/clavulanate suspension AUGMENTIN suspension (amoxicillin/clavulanate) 125 mg/5 mL	amoxicillin/clavulanate XR	 Link to PA Form for Cephalosporins Oral and Related Agents (required for Non-preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
Cephalosporins – First Generation		
cefadroxil capsule, suspension cephalexin	cefadroxil tablet	 Link to PA Form for Cephalosporins Oral and Related Agents (required for Non-preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
	Cephalosporins – Second Generation	
cefprozil cefuroxime	cefaclor cefaclor ERCEFTIN SUSPENSION (cefuroxime)	 Link to PA Form for Cephalosporins Oral and Related Agents (required for Non-preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
Cephalosporins – Third Generation		
cefdinir SUPRAX (cefixime) capsule, chew tab, tablet and suspension	ceftibuten capsule, suspension cefixime suspension cefditoren cefpodoxime	 Link to PA Form for Cephalosporins Oral and Related Agents (required for Non-preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

COLONY STIMULATING FACTORS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
GRANIX (tbo-filgrastim) LEUKINE (sargramostim) NEUPOGEN (filgrastim) NEULASTA (pegfilgrastim)	ZARXIO (filgrastim)	 Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.

COPD AGENTS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	Anticholinergics	
ATROVENT HFA (ipratropium) ipratropium nebulizer solution SPIRIVA capsules (tiotropium)	INCRUSE ELLIPTA (umeclidinium) SEEBRI NEOHALER (glycopyrrolate) NR SPIRIVA RESPIMAT (tiotropium) TUDORZA PRESSAIR (aclidinium)	 Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
Anticholinergic-Beta Agonist Combinations		
albuterol/ipratropium COMBIVENT RESPIMAT (albuterol/ipratropium)	ANORO ELLIPTA (umeclidium/vilanterol) STIOLITO RESPIMAT(tiotropium/olodaterol) UTIBRON NEOHALER(glycopyrrolate/indacaterol) ^{NR}	 Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
PDE-4 Inhibitors		
	DALIRESP (roflumilast) ^{CL}	 Daliresp will be approved for adults with severe COPD associated with chronic bronchitis and a history of exacerbations

COUGH AND COLD AGENTS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
benzonatate capsules promethazine/dextromethorphan syrup	All other products are non-preferred Products containing decongestants are excluded from coverage	 Restricted to recipients >6 years of age. Quantity limit of no more than two prescriptions per 6 months applies. Quantity limits of 120ml per fill (liquid products), 90 capsules/30 days (benzonatate), and 120 tablets/30 days (hydrocodone-homatropine tablets).

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

CYTOKINE & CAM ANTAGONISTS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
ENBREL (etanercept) HUMIRA (adalimumab)	ACTEMRA (tocilizumab) ARCALYST (rilonacept) CIMZIA (certolizumab) COSENTYX (secukinumab) ENTYVIO(vedolizumab) ILARIS (canakinumab) KINERET (anakinra) ORENCIA (abatacept) OTEZLA (apremilast) REMICADE (infliximab) SIMPONI SQ (golimumab) SIMPONI ARIA (golimumab) STELARA (ustekinumab) XELJANZ (tofacitinib)	 Link to PA Form for Cytokine & CAM Antagonists (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.

CYSTIC FIBROSIS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	ORKAMBI (lumacaftor/ivacaftor) KALYDECO (ivacaftor)	
	MALTULGO (IVacallor)	

EPINEPHRINE, SELF-INJECTED

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
epinephrine EPIPEN	AUVI-Q (currently unavailable due to recall)	 Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a
EPIPEN JR		preferred agent.

ERYTHROPOIESIS STIMULATING PROTEINS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
ARANESP (darbepoetin) PROCRIT (rHuEPO)	EPOGEN (rHuEPO)	 Link to PA Form for Erythropoiesis Stimulating Proteins Epogen will only be authorized if there is documented failure of one preferred agent within the past 180 days

FLUOROQUINOLONES, ORAL

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
ciprofloxacin tablet CIPRO Suspension (ciprofloxacin) levofloxacin tablets	ciprofloxacin ER ciprofloxacin suspension levofloxacin solution moxifloxacin NOROXIN (norfloxacin) ofloxacin	 Link to PA Form for Fluoroquinolones (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

GI MOTILITY, CHRONIC (FORMERLY IRRITABLE BOWEL SYNDROME)

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
AMITIZA (lubiprostone) CL LINZESS (linaclotide) CL MOVANTIK (naloxegol) CL	alosetron CL LOTRONEX (alosetron) CL RELISTOR (methylnaltrexone) (syringe, vial) CL VIBERZI (eluxadoline) CL	 Link to PA Form for GI Motility Linzess will be approved for participants with a diagnosis of constipation or irritable bowel syndrome. Amitiza 8 mcg capsules will be approved for female participants with irritable bowel syndrome with constipation. Amitiza 24 mcg tablets will be approved for chronic idiopathic constipation or opioid induced constipation in chronic non-cancer pain. Lotronex/alosetron will be approved for female participants with severe, diarrhea-predominant irritable bowel syndrome. Movantik will be approved for participants with chronic constipation that have been on opioids continuously for at least four weeks. Relistor will be approved for participants with chronic constipation that have been on opioids continuously for at least four weeks and have tried and failed Movantik.

GLUCOCORTICOIDS, INHALED

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria				
	Glucocorticoids					
AEROSPAN (flunisolide) ASMANEX Twisthaler (mometasone) PULMICORT Respules 0.25 & 0.5 mg (budesonide) CL QVAR (beclomethasone)	ALVESCO (ciclesonide) ARNUITY ELLIPTA (fluticasone) ASMANEX HFA (mometasone) budesonide respules 0.25 & 0.5 mg FLOVENT (fluticasone) PULMICORT FLEXHALER (budesonide) PULMICORT Respules 1.0 mg (budesonide)	 Link to PA Form for Inhaled Glucocorticoids (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will only be approved if patient has tried and failed therapy with a preferred agent within the last 6 months. Pulmicort Respules are only preferred for the treatment of asthma in children 8 years and younger. 				
	Glucocorticoid/Bronchodilator Combinations ^c	L				
ADVAIR (fluticasone/salmeterol) ^{CL} SYMBICORT (budesonide/formoterol) ^{CL}	BREO ELLIPTA(fluticasone/vibanterol) ^{CL} DULERA (mometasone/formoterol) ^{CL}	 Link to PA Form for Inhaled Glucocorticoid/Bronchodilator Combinations (required for all drugs) Asthma: Advair (fluticasone/salmeterol) and Symbicort (budesonide/formoterol) will be approved for eligible participants with a documented diagnosis of 				

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

 	_	 	
			persistent asthma (ICD-9 = 493.00, 493.01, 493.02, 493.90, or 493.92) who have tried and failed an inhaled glucocorticoid within the last 60 days. Dulera (mometasone/formoterol) will be approved for eligible participants with a documented diagnosis of persistent asthma (ICD-9 = 493.00, 493.01, 493.02, 493.90, or 493.92) who have tried and failed Advair or Symbicort within the last 180 days.
		_	COPD:
			 Advair Diskus 250/50 or Symbicor 160/4.5 will be approved for eligible participants with a diagnosis of Stage III or Stage IV COPD (ICD-9 = 491.xx, 492.xx, 493.2x or 496) with repeated exacerbations and a failure of a long acting beta agonist inhaler (Foradil or Serevent) Breo Ellipta 100/25 will be approved for eligible participants with a diagnosis of Stage III or Stage IV COPD with related exacerbations, failure of a long acting beta agonist inhaler (Foradi or Serevent) and trial and failure of Advair Diskus 250/50 or Symbicort 160/4.5

GROWTH HORMONECL

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
NORDITROPIN (somatropin) NUTROPIN AQ NUSPIN (somatropin)	GENOTROPIN (somatropin) HUMATROPE (somatropin) OMNITROPE (somatropin) SAIZEN (somatropin) SEROSTIM (somatropin) ZOMACTON (somatropin) ZORBTIVE (somatropin)	 Link to PA Form for Growth Hormone (required for all drugs) Growth hormone will be approved for patients with any of the following diagnoses and meeting the criteria defined on the PA Form: Chronic Renal Impairment awaiting renal transplantation (ICD-9 585) Growth Hormone Deficiency (ICD-9=253.2, 253.3) Prader-Willi Syndrome (ICD-9=759.81) Turner Syndrome (ICD-9=758.6) HIV plus Cachexia (ICD-9=042, 079.53, V08 or 795.71 plus 799.4) Non-preferred agents will only be approved if patient has tried and failed therapy with the preferred agents within the last 6 months.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

H. PYLORI TREATMENTS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
PYLERA (bismuth subcitrate potassium, metronidazole, tetracycline)	lansoprazole, amoxicillin, clarithromycin OMECLAMOX-PAK (omeprazole, amoxicillin, clarithromycin) PREVPAC (lansoprazole, amoxicillin, clarithromycin)	 Non-preferred agents will only be approved after documented failure of a preferred agent.

HEPATITIS C TREATMENTS

TIEL ATTIO O TREATMENTO					
Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria			
Interferon					
PEGASYS (pegylated interferon alfa-2a) PEG-INTRON (pegylated interferon alfa-2b)		 Link to PA Form for Hepatitis C - Interferon and Ribavirin (required for Non-preferred drugs) The non-preferred agent will only be approved if patient has tried and failed therapy with a preferred agent within the last 6 months. 			
Ribavirin					
ribavirin tablet, capsule	RIBAPAK (ribavirin) RIBASPHERE (ribavirin) ribavirin dose pack	 Link to PA Form for Hepatitis C - Interferon and Ribavirin (required for Non-preferred drugs) The non-preferred agent will only be approved if patient has tried and failed therapy with a preferred agent within the last 6 months. 			
Direct-Acting Anti-Viral Agents CL					
DAKLINZA (daclatasvir) CL HARVONI (ledipasvir, sofosbuvir) CL SOVALDI (sofosbuvir) CL TECHNIVIE (ombitasvir, paritaprevir, ritonavir) CL	OLYSIO (simeprevir) ^{CL} VICTRELIS (boceprevir) VIEKIRA PAK (dasabuvir, ombitasvir, paritaprevir, ritonavir) ^{CL} ZEPATIER (elbasvir/grazoprevir) ^{CL}	 Link to PA Form for Treatment of Hepatitis C Virus For complete criteria refer to Hepatitis C Agents Therapeutic Criteria 			

HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
CINRYZE (C1- esterase inhibitor) CL	BERINERT (C1-esterase inhibitor) CL	■ Link to Universal PA Form
FIRAZYR (icatibant) ^{CL} KALBITOR (ecallantide) ^{CL}	RUCONEST (recombinant C1 esterase)	 Treatment of Acute Attacks: Preferred agents are Firazyr and Kalbitor. Berinert requires trial and failure of a preferred agent or a contra-indication to a preferred agent. Prophylaxis: Approved with documentation of 2 or more HAE attacks monthly and trial and failure of oral danazol (which does not require prior authorization).

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

HYPOGLYCEMICS, INCRETIN MIMETICS/ENHANCERS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria			
INCRETIN ENHANCERS					
JANUMET (sitagliptin/metformin) JANUMET XR (sitagliptin/metformin) JANUVIA (sitagliptin) JENTADUETO (linagliptin/metformin) TRADJENTA (linagliptin) CL	GLYXAMBI (empagliflozin/linagliptin) KAZANO (alogliptin/metformin) KOMBIGLYZE XR (saxagliptin/metformin) NESINA (alogliptin) ONGLYZA (saxagliptin) OSENI (alogliptin/pioglitazone)	 Link to PA Form for Hypoglycemics – Incretin Enhancers Non-preferred agents will only be approved if patient has tried and failed therapy with a preferred agent within the last 6 months. 			
INCRETIN MIMETICS					
BYDUREON (exenatide ER) ^{CL} BYETTA (exenatide) ^{CL} SYMLIN (pramlintide) ^{CL} TANZEUM (albiglutide) ^{CL}	TRULICITY (dulaglutide) ^{CL} VICTOZA (liraglutide) ^{CL}	 Link to PA Form for Hypoglycemics, Incretin Mimetics (for all products except Symlin) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent. Link to PA Form for Symlin Symlin will be approved for patients with diabetes who are currently on insulin therapy. Symlin will not be approved for pediatric patients <6 years of age or for patients with a diagnosis of gastroparesis or who require the use of medication to stimulate gastric motility. 			

HYPOGLYCEMICS, INSULIN

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
HUMALOG (insulin lispro) except 200 U/ml HUMALOG MIX (insulin lispro/lispro protamine) HUMULIN (insulin) except 500 U/ml LANTUS (insulin glargine) LEVEMIR (insulin detemir) NOVOLOG (insulin aspart) NOVOLOG MIX (insulin aspart/aspart protamine)	AFREZZA (insulin, inhaled) APIDRA (insulin glulisine) HUMALOG (insulin lispro) 200 U/ml HUMULIN (insulin) except 500 U/ml NOVOLIN (insulin) TOUJEO (insulin glargine) TRESIBA FLEXTOUCH (insulin degludec)	 Link to PA Form for Insulin (required for non-preferred drugs) Apidra will be approved for participants with documented hypoglycemia with Humalog or NovoLog. Afrezza requires medical necessity documentation for why injectable insulin cannot be used. Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

HYPOGLYCEMICS, METFORMINS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
glyburide-metformin metformin	FORTAMET (metformin ER) glipizide-metformin	Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a
metformin ER (GLUCOPHAGE XR)	GLUMETZA (metformin ER)	preferred agent.
	metformin ER (FORTAMET)	
	metformin ER (GLUMETZA)	
	RIOMET (metformin) oral solution	

HYPOGLYCEMICS, SGLT2

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
INVOKANA (canagliflozin) CL INVOKAMET (canagliflozin/metformin) CL	FARXIGA (dapagliflozin) ^{CL} JARDIANCE (empagliflozin) ^{CL} SYNJARDY (empagliflozin/metformin) ^{CL} XIGDUO XR (dapagliflozin/metformin XR) ^{CL}	 Sodium Glucose Co-transporter Inhibitors will be approved after a trial of any agent in the following drug classes within the previous 30 days: Metformins Incretin mimetic/enhancers Insulins Non-preferred agents will be approved after trial and failure of a preferred agent in the Sodium Glucose Co-Transporter Inhibitor Class.

HYPOGLYCEMICS, TZDS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria			
Thiazolidinediones					
pioglitazone	AVANDIA (rosiglitazone)	 Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent. 			
Thiazolidinedione Combinations					
	ACTOPLUS MET XR (pioglitazone/metformin) CL AVANDAMET (rosiglitazone/metformin) CL AVANDARYL (rosiglitazone/glipizide) CL pioglitazone/glimepiride CL pioglitazone/metformin CL	 Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent. 			

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

IMMUNE GLOBULINS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
CYTOGAM (cytomegalovirus immune globulin) intravenous solution FLEBOGAMMA DIF intravenous solution GAMASTAN S/D intramuscular GAMMAGARD LIQUID injection solution GAMMAPLEX intravenous solution GAMUNEX-C injection solution HEPAGAM B (hepatitis B immune globulin) intramuscular HIZENTRA subcutaneous solution PRIVIGEN intravenous solution VARIZIG (Varicella-Zoster immune globulin) intramuscular	BIVIGAM intravenous solution CARIMUNE NF nano filtered powder for intravenous solution GAMMAGARD S/D powder for intravenous solution GAMMAKED injection solution HYQVIA subcutaneous solution OCTAGAM intravenous solution	 Preferred immune globulin products will be approved for FDA indications or for diagnoses that have evidence-based documentation to support their usage for which there are no therapeutic alternatives. Usual age, dosage, and frequency limitations apply as well as reasonable dosage rounding (+/- 10%) to utilize whole vials to minimize wastage. Non-preferred agents require either trial and failure of a preferred agent or documentation of medical necessity.

IMMUNOMODULATORS FOR ATOPIC DERMATITIS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
ELIDEL (pimecrolimus)	PROTOPIC (tacrolimus) tacrolimus	 Black box warning – Not FDA approved for use in children less than 2 years of age (Elidel 1% and Protopic 0.03%) or 16 years old (Protopic 0.1%). Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.

IMMUNOSUPPRESSIVES, ORAL

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
azathioprine cyclosporine capsule cyclosporine softgel cyclosporine, modified mycophenolate mofetil capsules, tablets NEORAL (cyclosporine, modified) tacrolimus	ASTAGRAF (tacrolimus XL) AZASAN (azathioprine) ENVARSUS XR (tacrolimus) mycophenolate mofetil suspension mycophenolic acid sirolimus ZORTRESS (everolimus)	 Link to PA Form for Immunosuppressives, Oral Non-preferred agents will be approved for payment only after documented failure of at least one preferred agent within the last 6 months.

INTRANASAL RHINITIS AGENTS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
Anticholinergics		
ipratropium		 Link to PA Form for Intranasal Rhinitis <u>Agents</u> (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
Antihistamines		
PATANASE (olopatadine)	azelastine	■ Link to PA Form for Intranasal Rhinitis

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

INTRANASAL RHINITIS AGENTS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	olopatadine	 Agents (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
	Corticosteroids	
fluticasone NASONEX (mometasone)	BECONASE AQ (beclomethasone) budesonide flunisolide OMNARIS (ciclesonide) QNASL (beclomethasone) triamcinolone VERAMYST (fluticasone) ZETONNA (ciclesonide)	 Link to PA Form for Intranasal Rhinitis Agents (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
	Antihistamine / Corticosteroid Combinations	
	DYMISTA (azelastine/fluticasone)	 Link to PA Form for Intranasal Rhinitis <u>Agents</u> (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.

LEUKOTRIENE MODIFIERS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
montelukast tabs and chew tab	montelukast granules zafirlukast ZYFLO CR (zileuton)	 Link to PA Form for Leukotriene Modifiers (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.

LIPOTROPICS, OTHER (NON-STATINS)

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	Apolipoprotein B Synthesis Inhibitors	
	JUXTAPID (lomitapide mesylate) ^{CL} KYNAMRO (mipomersen) ^{CL}	■ Link to PA Form for Non-Statin Lipotropics (required for Non-Preferred drugs - except for Zetia - see below)

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

LIPOTROPICS, OTHER (NON-STATINS)

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	Bile Acid Sequestrants	
colestipol tablets cholestyramine	colestipol granules WELCHOL (colesevelam)	 Link to PA Form for Non-Statin Lipotropics (required for Non-Preferred drugs - except for Zetia - see below) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
	Fibric Acid Derivatives	
gemfibrozil 600 mg TRICOR (fenofibrate) TRILIPIX (fenofibric acid)	fenofibrate (generic ANTARA ,FENOGLIDE, LOFIBRA, LIPOFEN and TRICOR) fenofibric acid (generic FIBRICOR and TRIPLIX) fengolide TRIGLIDE (fenofibrate)	 Link to PA Form for Non-Statin <u>Lipotropics</u> (required for Non-Preferred drugs - except for Zetia - see below) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent
	Niacin	
niacin ER	NIACOR (niacin) NIASPAN (niacin ER)	 Link to PA Form for Non-Statin Lipotropics (required for Non-Preferred drugs -except for Zetia - see below) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
	Omega-3 Fatty Acids	
	LOVAZA (omega-3 fatty acids) omega-3 fatty acids VASCEPA (icosapent ethyl)	 Link to PA Form for Non-Statin Lipotropics (required for Non-Preferred drugs - except for Zetia - see below) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
	Cholesterol Absorption Inhibitors ^{CL}	
	ZETIA (ezetimibe)	 Link to PA Form for Zetia Zetia will be approved for patients who have a diagnosis of hypercholesterolemia and have either failed statin monotherapy or have a documented intolerance to statins. Zetia treatment is only approved as an adjunct to concurrent statin therapy unless there is a documented intolerance to the statins.
	PCSK9 Inhibitors	
	PRALUENT (alirocumab) ^{CL} REPATHA (evolocumab) ^{CL}	

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

LIPOTROPICS, STATINS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria		
	STATINS			
atorvastatin lovastatin pravastatin simvastatin	ALTOPREV (lovastatin) CRESTOR (rosuvastatin) fluvastatin fluvastatin ER LESCOL (fluvastatin) LESCOL XL (fluvastatin) LIVALO (pitavastatin)	 Link to PA Form for Statins (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved after documented failure of two preferred agents for a total of ≥150 days in the last six months 		
	Statin Combinations			
	ADVICOR (lovastatin/niacin) atorvastatin/ amlodipine LIPTRUZET (atorvastatin/ezetimibe) SIMCOR (simvastatin/niacin ER) VYTORIN (simvastatin/ezetimibe)	 Link to PA Form for Statins (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved after documented failure of two preferred agents for a total of ≥150 days in the last six months 		

MACROLIDES AND KETOLIDES (ORAL)

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
azithromycin clarithromycin IR tablets	clarithromycin ER clarithromycin suspension E.E.S. 200 mg suspension (erythromycin ethylsuccinate) E.E.S. 400 mg tablets (erythromycin ethylsuccinate) ERYPED suspension (erythromycin ethylsuccinate) ERY-TAB (erythromycin) erythromycin base erythromycin stearate PCE (erythromycin) ZMAX (azithromycin suspension)	 Link to PA Form for Macrolides and Ketolides (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS DRUGS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	Injectable Disease Modifying Therapies	
AVONEX (interferon beta-1a) BETASERON (interferon beta-1b) COPAXONE 20 mg syringe (glatiramer) REBIF (interferon beta-1a)	COPAXONE 40 mg syringe (glatiramer) EXTAVIA (interferon beta-1b) GLATOPA (glatiramer 20 syringe) LEMTRADA (alemtuzamab) IV PLEGRIDY (peginterferon beta-1 a) IV REBIF REBIDOSE (interferon beta-1a) TYSABRI (natalizumab)	 Non-preferred injectable agents (except Lemtrada) will be approved only after documented failure (e.g. inadequate response, adverse reaction) of a preferred injectable agent. Copaxone (glatiramer) 40 mg and Glatopa (glatiramer) will be approved after documented inability to use Copaxone 20 mg Lemtrada (alemtuzumab) will be approved as a clinician administered drug for patients with relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis who have a documented inadequate response to 2 or more previous treatments for MS. Lemtrada is only available through the health care professional who administers the drug. Idaho Medicaid does not pay for this drug to be dispensed through a retail pharmacy. Tysabri (natalizumab) is a clinician administered infusion drug for treatment of patients with relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis who do not have anti-JCV antibodies. It is also FDA approved for treatment of Crohn's disease. Tysabri is only available through the TOUCH Prescribing Program to prescribers and infusion centers. Idaho Medicaid does not pay for this drug to be dispensed through a retail pharmacy. All other non-preferred injectable agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
	Oral Disease Modifying Therapies	
	AUBAGIO (teriflunomide) ^{CL} GILENYA (fingolimod) ^{CL} TECFIDERA (dimethyl fumarate) ^{CL}	 Aubagio (teriflunomide) will be approved for patients with a relapsing form of multiple sclerosis who have a documented contraindication or history of intolerance to any preferred multiple sclerosis agent. Tecfidera (dimethyl fumarate) will be approved for patients with a relapsing form of multiple sclerosis who have a documented contraindication or history of intolerance to any preferred multiple sclerosis agent. Gilenya (fingolimod) will be approved for patients with a relapsing form of multiple sclerosis who have a

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS DRUGS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
		documented contraindication or history of intolerance to any preferred multiple sclerosis agent <u>and</u> have an EKG within the most recent 3 months that shows no evidence of heart block or bradycardia.
Other		
	AMPYRA (dalfampridine) ^{CL}	 Link to PA form for Ampyra Ampyra will be approved for patients with multiple sclerosis who are ambulatory, have a creatinine clearance of greater than 50 ml/min and no history of seizure disorder. Chart note documentation of the medical necessity is required.

NSAIDS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria	
	Nonselective		
diclofenac SR flurbiprofen ibuprofen* INDOCIN Suspension (indomethacin) indomethacin IR ketorolac nabumetone naproxen* naproxen EC piroxicam sulindac	diclofenac IR diflunisal etodolac IR etodolac SR fenoprofen INDOCIN (indomethacin) rectal indomethacin ER ketoprofen IR ketoprofen ER meclofenamate mefenamic acid NAPRELAN (naproxen CR 750 mg) naproxen CR 375 and 500 mg oxaprozin SPRIX nasal (ketorolac) TIVORBEX (indomethacin) tolmetin VIVLODEX NR ZIPSOR (diclofenac) ZORVOLEX (diclofenac)	 Link to PA Form for NSAIDs (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent. * Prescription strength only; OTC ibuprofen and OTC naproxen are not covered by Idaho Medicaid. 	
	NSAID/GI Protectant Combinations		
	diclofenac/misoprostol VIMOVO (naproxen/esomeprazole) DUEXIS (ibuprofen/famotidine)	 Individual prescriptions for naproxen and esomeprazole should be used for patients requiring the combination drug Vimovo. 	

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

NSAIDS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria	
COX-II Selective			
meloxicam tablets MOBIC Suspension (meloxicam)	celecoxib meloxicam suspension	■ Link to PA Form for NSAIDs	
	NSAIDS, TOPICAL		
VOLTAREN GEL (diclofenac) CL	diclofenac solution FLECTOR (diclofenac) ^{CL} PENNSAID 2% (diclofenac) ^{CL}	 Link to PA form for Analgesics, Topical (required for all drugs in class) Flector Patch will be approved for one fill of 15 days for patients meeting the following criteria: Diagnosis of acute pain due to minor strains, sprains, and contusion History of preferred oral NSAID within the past 15 days No history of a Flector Patch in the last 90 days Pennsaid will be approved for patients meeting the following criteria: Diagnosis of osteoarthritis of the knee History of preferred oral NSAID within the past 15 days Voltaren Gel will be approved for patients meeting the following criteria: Diagnosis of osteoarthritis of either the hand or knee History of preferred oral NSAID within the past 15 days 	

OPHTHALMIC ANTIBIOTIC-STEROID COMBINATIONS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
BLEPHAMIDE suspension (prednisolone/sulfacetamide) neomycin/polymyxin/dexamethasone sulfacetamide/prednisolone TOBRADEX Ointment (tobramycin/dexamethasone) TOBRADEX Suspension	BLEPHAMIDE S.O.P. ointment (prednisolone/sulfacetamide) neomycin/bacitracin/polymyxin/ hydrocortisone neomycin/polymyxin/HC PRED-G (gentamicin/prednisolone) TOBRADEX ST (tobramycin/dexamethasone) tobramycin/dexamethasone ZYLET (loteprednol/tobramycin)	 Link to PA Form for Ophthalmic Antibiotic-Steroid Combinations (required for Non-preferred drugs). Non-preferred agents will be approved for participants failing to respond to a preferred agent.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

OPHTHALMIC ANTIBIOTICS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
bacitracin/polymyxin CILOXAN Ointment (ciprofloxacin) ciprofloxacin erythromycin gentamicin MOXEZA (moxifloxacin) ofloxacin polymyxin/trimethoprim sulfacetamide solution tobramycin solution TOBREX Ointment (tobramycin) VIGAMOX (moxifloxacin)	AZASITE (azithromycin) bacitracin BESIVANCE (besifloxacin) CILOXAN Solution (ciprofloxacin) gatifloxacin IQUIX (levofloxacin) levofloxacin NATACYN (natamycin) neomycin/bacitracin/polymyxin neomycin/polymyxin/gramicidin sulfacetamide ointment ZYMAXID (gatifloxacin)	 Link to PA Form for Ophthalmic <u>Antibiotics</u> (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.

OPHTHALMICS FOR ALLERGIC CONJUNCTIVITIS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
ALREX (loteprednol) cromolyn PATADAY (olopatadine) PAZEO (olopatadine)	ALOCRIL (nedocromil) ALOMIDE (lodoxamide) azelastine BEPREVE (bepotastine) EMADINE (emedastine) epinastine ketotifen RX LASTACAFT (alcaftadine) OPTIVAR (azelastine) PATANOL (olopatadine)	 Link to PA Form for Ophthalmics for Allergic Conjunctivitis (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.

OPHTHALMIC ANTI-INFLAMMATORIES

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
dexamethasone diclofenac DUREZOL (difluprednate) FLAREX (fluorometholone) fluorometholone flurbiprofen ketorolac 0.5 % ketorolac LS 0.4% LOTEMAX drops (loteprednol) MAXIDEX (dexamethasone) PRED MILD (prednisolone acetate) prednisolone acetate	ACUVAIL (ketorolac 0.45%) bromfenac 0.09% FML FORTE (fluorometholone) FML S.O.P. (fluorometholone) ILEVRO (nepafenac 0.3%) LOTEMAX gel and ointment (loteprednol) NEVANAC (nepafenac 0.1%) PRED FORTE (prednisolone acetate) prednisolone sodium phosphate PROLENSA (bromfenac 0.07%) VEXOL (rimexolone)	 Link to PA Form for Ophthalmic Anti-Inflammatories (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved for patients failing to respond to a preferred agent.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

OPHTHALMICS, GLAUCOMA DRUGS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	Parasympathomimetics	
pilocarpine	PILOPINE-HS (pilocarpine gel)	 Link to PA Form for Ophthalmic Glaucoma Drugs (required for Non-preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
	Sympathomimetics	
ALPHAGAN P 0.15% (brimonidine) brimonidine 0.1%	apraclonidine brimonidine P 0.15%	 Link to PA Form for Ophthalmic Glaucoma Drugs (required for Non-preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
	Beta Blockers	
BETIMOL (timolol) carteolol ISTALOL (timolol maleate) levobunolol metipranolol timolol	betaxolol 0.5% solution BETOPTIC S (betaxolol 0.25% suspension)	 Link to PA Form for Ophthalmic Glaucoma Drugs (required for Non-preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
	Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors	
AZOPT (brinzolamide) dorzolamide		 Link to PA Form for Ophthalmic Glaucoma Drugs (required for Non-preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
	Prostaglandin Analogs	
latanoprost TRAVATAN Z (travoprost)	bimatoprost LUMIGAN (bimatoprost) RESCULA (unoprostone) travoprost ZIOPTAN (tafluprost)	 Link to PA Form for Ophthalmic Glaucoma Drugs (required for Non-preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.
	Combination Drugs	
COMBIGAN (brimonidine/timolol) dorzolamide/timolol SIMBRINZA (brinzolamide/brimonidine)		 Link to PA Form for Ophthalmic Glaucoma Drugs (required for Non-preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

OPIATE DEPENDENCE TREATMENTS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
naloxone vial, syringe naltrexone (oral) NARCAN (naloxone) nasal SUBOXONE film (buprenorphine/naloxone) VIVITROL (naltrexone) injection	BUNAVAIL (buprenorphine/naloxone) buccal buprenorphine buprenorphine/naloxone sublingual tablets EVZIO (naloxone) injection PROBUPHINE (buprenorphine) implant NR ZUBSOLV (buprenorphine/naloxone tablet)	 Naloxone may be prescribed and dispensed by an authorized pharmacist using the pharmacist's individual NPI (not pharmacy NPI) Link to PA Form for Suboxone/buprenorphine Buprenorphine containing prescriptions must be from an authorized prescriber for treatment of documented opioid dependence or opioid abuse. Oral buprenorphine single entity products are preferred except in pregnant women to minimize the possibility of diversion of buprenorphine single entity via the injection route. Non-preferred agents will be approved after documented failure of preferred agents. Total daily dose of buprenorphine cannot exceed 24 mg. Idaho Medicaid participants receiving Suboxone (buprenorphine/naloxone) or buprenorphine will be blocked by Idaho Medicaid for payment of any other opioids. If an Idaho Medicaid participant currently receiving buprenorphine or buprenorphine/naloxone is identified as paying cash for other opioids, Idaho Medicaid will cease paying for buprenorphine or buprenorphine/naloxone.

OTIC ANTI-INFECTIVES AND ANESTHETICS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
acetic acid/aluminum	acetic acid/hydrocortisone	 Link to PA Form for Otic Anti-Infectives & Anesthetics (required for Non-Preferred drugs). Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

OTIC ANTIBIOTICS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
CIPRODEX (ciprofloxacin/dexamethasone) ciprofloxacin CIPRO HC (ciprofloxacin/hydrocortisone) COLY-MYCIN S (colistin/neomycin/HC) CORTISPORIN TC (colistin/neomycin/HC) neomycin/polymyxin/hydrocortisone	CORTISPORIN (hydrocortisone/neomycin sulfate/polymyxin B sulfate) ofloxacin	 Link to PA Form for Otic Antibiotics (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved for patients failing to respond to a preferred agent.

PANCREATIC ENZYMES

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
CREON	PANCREAZE	 Link to PA Form for Pancreatic
pancrelipase	PERTZYE	<u>Enzymes</u>
ZENPEP	ULTRESA	 Non-preferred agents will be approved
	VIOKACE	for patients failing to respond to a preferred agent within the last 6 months

PHOSPHATE BINDERS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
calcium acetate PHOSLYRA (calcium acetate) RENAGEL (sevelamer HCI)	AURYXIA (ferric citrate) ELIPHOS (calcium acetate) FOSRENOL (lanthanum) PHOSLO (calcium acetate) sevelamer carbonate VELPHORO (sucroferric oxyhydroxide)	 Link to PA Form for Phosphate Binders (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved for patients failing to respond to a preferred agent.

PLATELET AGGREGATION INHIBITORS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
BRILINTA (ticagrelor) clopidogrel dipyridamole EFFIENT (prasugrel)	AGGRENOX (dipyridamole/aspirin) dipyridamole/aspirin DURLAZA (aspirin ER) ticlopidine ZONTIVITY (vorapaxar)	 Link to PA Form for Platelet Aggregation Inhibitors (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved for patients failing to respond to a preferred agent.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

PROTON PUMP INHIBITORS (ORAL)

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
NEXIUM suspension (esomeprazole) omeprazole Rx PROTONIX suspension (pantoprazole) pantoprazole	ACIPHEX sprinkle (rabeprazole) DEXILANT (dexlansoprazole) esomeprazole strontium lansoprazole NEXIUM (esomeprazole) capsule OTC omeprazole OTC omeprazole/sodium bicarbonate omeprazole magnesium OTC omeprazole suspension rabeprazole	 Link to PA Form for PPIs (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Lansoprazole SoluTab will be authorized for patients meeting one of the following criteria: age <5 years has a G-tube has failed or is not a candidate for capsules Non-preferred agents will only be approved if patient has tried and failed therapy with all preferred agents within the last 6 months. Quantity limits of one dose per day apply to this class

PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENSION AGENTSCL

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
Endothelin Receptor Antagonists		
LETAIRIS (ambrisentan) TRACLEER (bosentan)	OPSUMIT (macitentan)	 <u>Link to PA Form for Pulmonary Arterial</u> <u>Hypertension Agents</u> (required for Non-Preferred drugs)
	Prostacyclin Receptor Agonist	
	UPTRAVI (selexipag)	 <u>Link to PA Form for Pulmonary Arterial</u> <u>Hypertension Agents</u> (required for Non-Preferred drugs)
Prostanoids		
	ORENITRAM ER (treprostinil)) TYVASO (treprostinil) VELETRI (epoprostenol) NR VENTAVIS (iloprost)	 Link to PA Form for Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Agents (required for Non-Preferred drugs)
	PDE-5 Inhibitors	
sildenafil	ADCIRCA (tadalafil) REVATIO (sildenafil) suspension ^{CL}	 Adcirca and sildenafil will only be approved for diagnosis of pulmonary artery hypertension (ICD-9 416xx) Link to PA Form for Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Agents (required for Non-Preferred drugs)
Soluble Guanylate Cyclase Stimulators		
	ADEMPAS (riociguat)	■ Link to PA Form for Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension Agents (required for Non-Preferred drugs)

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

SEDATIVE HYPNOTICS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
Benzodiazepines		
temazepam 15 and 30 mg	DORAL (quazepam) estazolam flurazepam temazepam 7.5 and 22.5 mg triazolam	 Link to PA Form for Sedative Hypnotics (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will only be approved if patient has tried and failed therapy with at least two preferred agents within the last 6 months.
	Others	
zolpidem IR	BELSOMRA (suvorexant) EDLUAR (zolpidem) eszopiclone HETLIOZ (tasimelteon) INTERMEZZO SL (zolpidem) LUNESTA (eszopiclone) ROZEREM (ramelteon) SILENOR (doxepin) zaleplon zolpidem ER ZOLPIMIST (zolpidem)	 Link to PA Form for Sedative Hypnotics (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will only be approved if patient has tried and failed therapy with at least two preferred agents within the last 6 months.

SKELETAL MUSCLE RELAXANTS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
baclofen chlorzoxazone cyclobenzaprine IR dantrolene methocarbamol tizanidine tablets	carisoprodol ^{CL} carisoprodol compound ^{CL} AMRIX (cyclobenzaprine ER) LORZONE (chlorzoxazone) metaxalone orphenadrine tizanidine capsules	 Link to PA Form for Skeletal Muscle Relaxants (required for Non-Preferred drugs) The non-preferred agents will be approved for patients with documented failure of at least a one week trial each of two preferred agents. For carisoprodol: use will be limited to no more than 34 days additional authorization will not be granted for at least six months following the last day of the previous course of therapy approval will not be granted for patients with a history of meprobamate use in the previous two years approval will not be granted for patients concurrently using opioids

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

STIMULANTS AND RELATED DRUGS^{CL}

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
ADDERALL XR CL (amphetamine salt combination) amphetamine salt combination IR CL FOCALIN (dexmethylphenidate) CL FOCALIN XR (dexmethylphenidate) CL METADATE CD (methylphenidate) CL methylphenidate IR Tablets methylphenidate ER (generic Concerta) CL methylphenidate ER (generic Ritalin SR) CL QUILLIVANT XR (methylphenidate) solution CL VYVANSE (lisdexamfetamine) CL	amphetamine salt combination ER CL APTENSIO XR (methylphenidate) CL DAYTRANA (methylphenidate) CL DYANAVEL XR (amphetamine) NR dexmethylphenidate CL dexmethylphenidate XR dextroamphetamine IR, ER CL dextroamphetamine sulfate solution CL EVEKEO (amphetamine) CL methylphenidate chewable tablets CL methylphenidate CD (generic Metadate CD) CL methylphenidate ER (generic Ritalin LA) CL PROCENTRA (dextroamphetamine sulfate solution) CL QUILLICHEW ER (methamphetamine) NR ZENZEDI (dextroamphetamine) CL	 Link to PA Form for Stimulants - ADD/ADHD Drugs (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Stimulants for adults (> or = to 18 years) will be approved for patients with a diagnosis of ADHD (ICD-9 = 314 or ICD-10 F90) in the previous two years without any of the following contraindications: opiate abuse drug dependence, including to opioids, cocaine, amphetamine, hallucinogens hyperthyroidism glaucoma Amphetamine salt combination products and dextroamphetamine will be approved only for patients ≥3 years of age. Dexmethylphenidate, methylphenidate, Focalin and Focalin XR will be approved only for patients >6 years of age. Daytrana will only be approved for patients who are unable to take oral therapy. Non-preferred agents will be approved for payment only after documented failure of at least one preferred agent.
	Non-Stimulants	
clonidine IR guanfacine IR guanfacine ER STRATTERA (atomoxetine) ^{CL}	clonidine ER ^{CL} KAPVAY (clonidine ER) ^{CL}	 Link to PA Form for Strattera Strattera will be approved for patients with a documented diagnosis of ADHD (ICD-9 = 314.xx or ICD-10 = F90) Link to PA Form for Non-Stimulant Therapy for ADHD Guanfacine, clonidine, guanfacine ER will be approved for patients with a diagnosis of ADHD (ICD-9 = 314.xx or ICD-10 = F90) Kapvay or clonidine ER will be approved for ADHD patients with a documented failure of clonidine immediate release.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

STIMULANTS AND RELATED DRUGS^{CL}

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
Narcolepsy-Specific Agents		
	NUVIGIL (armodafinil) ^{CL} modafinil ^{CL}	 Link to PA Form for Nuvigil & Provigil Provigil and Nuvigil will be approved for patient > 16 years of age with documented need in the following diagnoses Narcolepsy (ICD-9=347) Obstructive sleep apnea (ICD-9=780.51, 780.53) Shift work sleep disorder (ICD-9=307.45)

TETRACYCLINES

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
doxycycline hyclate IR minocycline capsules tetracycline	ACTICLATE (doxycycline) NR ADOXA (doxycycline monohydrate) demeclocycline DORYX (doxycycline hyclate) doxycycline hyclate DR doxycycline monohydrate minocycline ER minocycline tablets MORGIDOX (doxycycline) ORACEA (doxycycline) SOLODYN (minocycline) VIBRAMYCIN Suspension, Syrup (doxycycline)	 Link to PA Form for Oral Antibiotics for Acne Non-preferred agents will be approved only after documented failure of a preferred agent An age override is required for patients less than 8 yrs of age

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

TOBACCO CESSATION

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
bupropion SR 150 MG CHANTIX (varenicline) CL nicotine gum OTC buccal (nicotine polacrilex) nicotine lozenge OTC buccal (nicotine polacrilex) nicotine patch OTC (nicotine)	NICOTROL inhalation (nicotine) NICOTROL NS nasal (nicotine)	 Link to PA Form Tobacco Cessation: Nicotine Replacement or Bupropion SR Nicotine replacement agents or bupropion SR will be approved for participants over the age of 18 years. Up to two (2) 90 days treatments will be approved over any 12 month period. Non-preferred agents will be considered if there is failure of an adequate trial of a preferred agent. Chantix (varenicline) (link to PA for Chantix (varenicline)) will be considered for approval for participants 18 years or older who have been provided with appropriate educational materials and counseling to support quit attempt. Documentation of risk vs benefits must be noted on the prior authorization form and a follow-up appointment scheduled for evaluation for adverse effects.

ULCERATIVE COLITIS DRUGS

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
	Oral	
APRISO (mesalamine) PENTASA (mesalamine) sulfasalazine	ASACOL HD (mesalamine) balsalazide DELZICOL (mesalamine) DIPENTUM (olsalazine) GIAZO (balsalazide) LIALDA (mesalamine) UCERIS (budesonide)	 Link to PA Form for Ulcerative Colitis <u>Drugs</u> (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved for patients failing to respond to a preferred agent
	Rectal	
CANASA (mesalamine) mesalamine	SFROWASA (mesalamine) UCERIS (budesonide)	 Link to PA Form for Ulcerative Colitis <u>Drugs</u> (required for Non-Preferred drugs) Non-preferred agents will be approved for patients failing to respond to a preferred agent

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee

PDL Updated July1, 2016 Highlights indicated change from previous posting.

VASODILATORS, CORONARY

Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents	Prior Authorization/Class Criteria
isosorbide dinitrate tablets isosorbide mononitrate tablets isosorbide mononitrate SR tablets NITRO-BID (nitroglycerin) ointment nitroglycerin ER oral capsules nitroglycerin transdermal patch NITROLINGUAL spray (nitroglycerin lingual spray) NITROSTAT (nitroglycerin sublingual tablets)	BIDIL (isosorbide dinitrate/hydralazine) isosorbide dinitrate sublingual tablets isosorbide dinitrate ER tablets, capsules NITRO-DUR (nitroglycerin transdermal patch) nitroglycerin translingual spray NITROMIST (nitroglycerin translingual spray)	 Non-preferred agents will be approved for patients failing to respond to a preferred agent.

Unless otherwise specified, the listing of a particular brand or generic name includes all dosage forms of that drug.

^{CL} – Prior Authorization / Class Criteria apply

NR – New drug that has not been reviewed by P & T Committee